

United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service

Georgia Crop Progress and Condition Report



Cooperating with the Georgia Department of Agriculture and the Cooperative Extension Service
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This report contains data collected each week from respondents across the state whose occupations provide them opportunities to discuss agricultural production with farmers in their counties as well as to make visual observations. We thank all who have contributed to this report.

May 16, 2022 Media Contact: Anthony Prillaman

General

According to the National Agricultural Statistics Service in Georgia, there were 6.4 days suitable for fieldwork for the week ending Sunday, May 15, 2022. Precipitation for the state ranged from no rain to 2.2 inches. Average high temperatures ranged from the mid 70s to the high 80s. Average low temperatures ranged from the low 50s to the low 60s.

Crops

Scattered showers across parts of the state last week helped some counties although many areas are still in need of rain. Soil moisture levels were reported as short or very short throughout much of the state. Most of southeast Georgia and parts of central Georgia continued to see abnormally dry and moderate drought conditions. Corn was nearly completely emerged as irrigation continued to be used where available. Nematodes were reported in central Georgia corn, likely due to mild winter conditions. Cotton, peanut, and soybean planting continued, although soil moisture was a limiting factor in many areas. Some cotton fields were experiencing thin stands due to lack of soil moisture. Hay cutting continued to progress, although farmers were concerned about regrowth due to the lack of rain over the past month. Wheat harvest is expected to pick up this week as fields have dried down. Onion harvesting neared completion, well ahead of historic progress. Peach harvest began, but is not anticipated to ramp up until the first of June to mid-June.

Livestock and Pastures

Livestock were generally in good condition throughout the state. Pasture conditions continued declining with the lack of rain. Fields were stressed and showing signs of slow growth.

Crop Progress for Week Ending 05/15/22

Crop stage	Prev year	Prev week	This week	5 Year avg
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Blueberries - Harvested	49	43	56	57
Corn – Emerged	93	90	96	95
Cotton – Planted	35	22	39	42
Hay – First Cutting	59	40	55	61
Oats – Harvested	21	6	13	18
Onions – Harvested	82	90	94	83
Peaches – Harvested	8	0	2	7
Peanuts – Planted	39	28	48	49
Soybeans – Planted	30	18	31	27
Soybeans – Emerged	15	0	10	11
Winter wheat – Harvested	14	7	15	17

Conditions for Week Ending 05/15/22

Crop	Very poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	
Blueberries	34	33	22	11	0	
Cattle	1	5	21	63	10	
Corn	0	5	27	61	7	
Oats	0	7	38	52	3	
Pasture and range	3	10	34	44	9	
Peaches	0	0	15	55	30	
Tobacco	0	0	49	43	8	
Winter wheat	1	4	42	47	6	

Soil Moisture for Week Ending 05/15/22

Topsoil	Previous week	This week
	(percent)	(percent)
Very short	10 37 51 2	18 44 36 2
Subsoil	Previous week	This week
	(percent)	(percent)
Very short	8 32 58 2	13 43 43 1

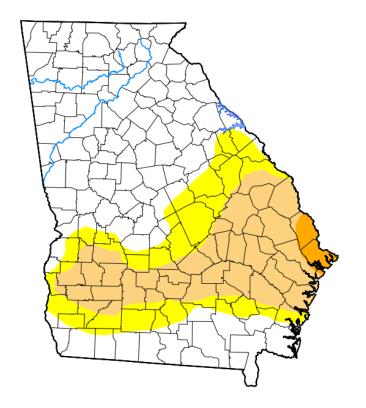
May 09, 2022 to May 15, 2022

0.01 0.05 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.5 0.75 1 1.5 2 2.5 <u>http://mrcc.purdue.edu/CLIMATE/</u>

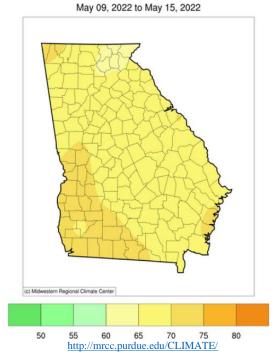
Accumulated Precipitation (in)

U.S. Drought Monitor

Georgia



Average Temperature (°F)



May 10, 2022 (Released Thursday, May. 12, 2022) Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

Drought Conditions (Fercent Area)						
	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	58.09	41.91	24.80	1.52	0.00	0.00
Last Week 05-03-2022	51.00	49.00	22.55	0.00	0.00	0.00
3 Months Ago 02-08-2022	81.13	18.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 01-04-2022	97.01	2.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Water Year 09-28-2021	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
One Year Ago 05-11-2021	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Intensity:



The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

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droughtmonitor.unl.edu